1. You got a sine tone with the frequency of $f=1000 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Which time gives one full cycle $T$. That is one period?
2. You want to make out of the above frequency $f=1000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ another sine tone, but the phase should be
shifted $180^{\circ}(\pi)$ to the original tone. Which time delay $\Delta t$ you have to use?
3. Draw a schematic of a phase shifter with an RC pad, which compared with the original sine wave produces another wave, whose phase $\varphi$ can be moved between $0^{\circ}$ and $180^{\circ}$.
A phase shifter is an electronic circuit, which can move the phase $\varphi$ of an electrical vibration. This shift is given in degrees or as part of the full circle.
4. a) Why do we put for a recording a small $A B$ microphone system in front of a soloist who is in front of an orchestra?
b) Where do we position the panpots?
5. At No. 1 you find a saw tooth output signal of a synthesizer.
1) 


2)

3)

a) Which curve do you get from this output signal 1 when you use the switch at the mixer which shows the following sign $\varnothing$ ? b) What does this sign mean?
c) What shows curve 2?
d) What shows curve 3?
5. At a recording of three grand pianos some of the students had the idea to put at every piano at the curve an ORTF system. And then we have to add only a room signal of all instruments. How can you bring the three stereo signals of the ORTF systems to the stereo master of the mixer, so that the left piano is $1 / 3$ left of the loudspeaker basis, the center piano is $1 / 3$ in the center, and the right piano is $1 / 3$ right of the loudspeaker?

